



# The Ohio State Board of Cosmetology

## TANNING STANDARDS

### Facility Permit Necessity OAC 4713-19-01

All services provided by a tanning facility for public consumption as defined in sections 4713.01 and 4713.48 of the Revised Code shall be performed in facilities duly approved and issued a permit by the board. Tanning permits are non-transferable.

### Installation of Equipment OAC 4713-19-04

No tanning equipment shall be installed in any tanning facility, unless the equipment and facilities have been found to be in compliance with the following standards:

(A) Each tanning bed shall be located in a separate room with a lockable door, and with non-transparent walls of a significant height to provide privacy;

(B) Each sunlamp product shall incorporate a timing device with multiple timer settings adequate for the manufacturer's recommended exposure intervals to produce the expected results;

(C) Each assembly of tanning equipment shall be equipped with a timer which complies with the requirements of 21 CFR part 1040, Section 1040.20(C)(2), revised as of April 1, 2012 and cited as 21 CFR 1040.20. The maximum timer interval shall not exceed the manufacturer's maximum recommended exposure time. No timer interval shall have an error exceeding plus or minus ten per cent of the maximum timer interval for the product. Each new tanning facility shall install remote timer controls such that clients who are tanning cannot reset the timer.

(D) Each sunlamp product shall incorporate within arm's reach of a user a control on the product to enable the user to manually terminate radiation without pulling the electrical plug or coming in contact with the ultraviolet lamp;

(E) The permit holder shall provide protective eyewear to each individual seeking to use the sunlamp product. This protective eyewear shall meet the requirements of Section 1040.20(C)(5), revised as of April 1, 2012 and cited as 21 CFR part 1040.20. The permit holder shall ensure that before each use, the protective eyewear required by this rule is properly disinfected as described in rule 4713-19-06 of the Administrative Code, is not altered in any way, and shall not rely upon the exposure of the protective eyewear to the ultraviolet radiation produced by the tanning equipment itself to provide such sanitizing and be adequate for the protection of the individual's eyes;

(F) Each ultraviolet lamp contained within the sunlamp product shall be shielded so as to prevent the lamp from having any contact with the individual using the sunlamp product. Transparent covers shall be used to shield each ultraviolet lamp contained within the sunlamp product. The covers shall not contain substantial cracks or breaks in or on any surface. Each shield must be similar in size and material to the original manufacturer's installed shield;

(K) Each sunlamp product shall prominently display the following label: "Danger - ultraviolet radiation. Follow instructions carefully. Do not enter without protective eyewear." The label shall be colored or marked so that it stands out, but remains easy to read;

(L) Each tanning facility shall be so equipped to dissipate heat so that the interior temperature does not exceed one hundred degrees Fahrenheit or thirty-four degrees centigrade. Every tanning room within the facility shall have a thermometer mounted at five feet above the floor. Adjacent to the thermometer shall be a sign that uses the following wording: "Individuals shall not tan if temperature is at one hundred degrees or higher! Please report excessive heat to the operator immediately!";

(N) A tanning facility shall maintain a lamp compatibility sheet as required in paragraph (M) of this rule; Should the inspector or investigator not be able to easily read the labels on the lamps, the facility owner or certified operator shall remove the shielding in order to allow an inspector or investigator from the board to easily verify UV bulb compatibility or shall take out the lamp for inspection. Each sunlamp product shall have the UV bulbs installed so that the bulb information is readily available for the board inspector to verify that information on the bulb matches the manufacturer's recommended bulb list;

(P) Each tanning facility shall comply with all other applicable statutes and rules governing tanning equipment

### Operation of Equipment OAC 4713-19-05

Each tanning facility shall have an operator who possesses a valid and current certificate of formal training, as defined in rule 4713-19-02 of the Administrative Code, on duty at all times.

(B)(6) The certified operator shall post signs, immediately adjacent to each unit of tanning equipment, warning consumers of the potential effects of radiation on persons taking medication and the possible relationship of radiation to skin cancer.

(E) Storing or providing sanitizers, disinfectants or cleaners in tanning rooms are not permitted.

(F) The most recent board inspection form shall be posted in a publicly conspicuous place adjacent to the facilities license.

(G) The skin type of each individual seeking to use the sunlamp tanning service shall be documented on a tanning record prescribed by the board.

### Sanitation OAC 4713-19-06

(A) No article or equipment, including all eyewear used by an individual when seeking to use services, shall be used or offered for use to an individual unless that article has first been cleaned of any debris or dirt and then disinfected with a virucidal effective product.

(B) The walls, floors, and fixtures in the facility shall be disinfected and kept in a clean and sanitary manner at all times.

(C) A clean sanitary towel shall be provided to all individuals seeking to use services. A closed dustproof cabinet must be provided for clean towels, and linen and a covered hamper or receptacle shall be provided for all soiled towels and linen. A facility may use either paper or fabric towels. Fabric towels shall be washed and disinfected after each use as set forth in rule 4713-15-11 of the Administrative Code. If the facility uses paper towels each towel shall be properly disposed of after one use of the towel.

(D) All facilities shall be equipped with toilet facilities and dressing rooms.

Toilet facilities shall include a flush toilet and hand washing sinks, including running water, pump soap, and a paper towel dispenser or equivalent hand drying equipment. All toilet facilities and dressing rooms shall be kept clean, sanitary, and functional at all times.

### Maintaining Records OAC 4713-19-09

(A) The operator of a tanning facility shall maintain a file for each individual seeking to use the sunlamp tanning service. Each file shall include :

(1) Date of most recent exposure to UVA/UVB, including any dates provided by the individual documenting recent exposure in other tanning facilities;

(2) Acknowledgment that the individual, parent, or legal guardian has signed a consent form developed by the Ohio state board of cosmetology based upon the age of the individual seeking to use the sunlamp service, in accordance with division (B) of section 4713.50 of the Revised Code and incorporated herein by reference;

(3) Acknowledgment of receipt of protective eyewear or that the individual will use their own approved eyewear;

(4) Acknowledgment that the individual has been advised of maximum exposure time for the session in the unit to which the individual has been assigned;

(B) Tanning facilities which maintain records on computer or data processing equipment may use a single paper sign-in sheet for all individuals tanning in a single day. By the end of every day the tanning facility is open for business, the tanning facility shall transfer the information from the paper sign-in sheet about each individual patron to the individual's permanent file.

(D) Electronic or biometric devices shall have the following warning immediately adjacent to the device: "By placing your finger on this scanner you agree that you have read the following caution statements and that you agree to the times on this placard: See OAC 4713-19-09 for complete rule.

### Sunlamp products posing safety risks. OAC 4713-19-10

A tanning facility shall not use a sunlamp product that is not fully functional and that poses a possible safety risk to a patron. Should a sunlamp product have parts or bulbs that are broken or cracked or should the product not properly operate and pose a safety risk to the patron, the tanning facility shall disable the sunlamp product and shall not use the sunlamp product until the sunlamp product is repaired.

During the time period the sunlamp product is disabled, the tanning facility shall place a sign on it saying that the sunlamp product is out of order.

### 4713-19-13 Tanning beds in salons.

Salons, the main function of which is the practice of cosmetology that have a permit to operate a tanning facility and have closed the tanning facility part of the salon shall physically remove all tanning equipment within a ninety day period of the closure of the tanning facility.

### Policy on prohibiting animals OAC 4713-1-09

(A) Animals, with the exception of fish in an aquarium maintained in a sanitary condition and service animals as defined in rule [4713-1-01](#) of the Administrative Code, are not permitted in a cosmetology salon, in a tanning facility, in a cosmetology school, or in the offices of the board.

(B) A service animal shall be tethered or otherwise restrained and, unless necessary to provide the service to its owner, the service animal shall be kept away from where the licensee is performing a cosmetology service. If a service animal is disruptive or is not trained, the salon, facility, or school may request that the animal be removed.